



OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL
ACADEMICS, STUDENT AFFAIRS AND RESEARCH

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021 /2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
EDUCATION ARTS AND SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE: MAT 317

COURSE TITLE: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS I

DATE: 10TH JUNE, 2022

TIME: 0900 – 1200 HRS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- SEE INSIDE

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Algorithm is a set

REGULAR – MAIN EXAM
MAT 317 NUMERICAL ANALYSIS I

STREAM: BED (Arts/Science)

DURATION: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- i. Answer ALL Questions from section A and any **THREE** from section B.
- ii. Do not write on the question paper.

SECTION A (31 Marks)

c, p, e

$x^3 + x - 1$

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Question One (16 Marks)

- a) Using Newton-Raphson method, find a root near $x = 1$ of the equation $f(x) = x^3 + x - 1 = 0$. (4 Marks)
- b) Compute a 4D-value of $\ln 9.2$ from $\ln 9.0 = 2.1972, \ln 9.5 = 2.2513$ by linear Lagrange interpolation and determine the error, using $\ln 9.2 = 2.2192$ (4D). (5 Marks)
- c) Evaluate the integral $J = \int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx$ by Gauss integration formula with $n = 3$. (5 Marks)
- d) What is an error? (2 Marks)

Question Two (15 Marks)

- a) i) Prove that in subtraction, a bound for the error of the results is given by the sum of the error bounds for the terms. (5 Marks)
- ii) Prove that in multiplication, an error bound for the relative error of the results is given by the sum of the bounds for the relative errors of the given numbers. (5 Marks)

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Round off the number 1.23454621 to

- i) 2 decimals $x = 1.23454621$
- ii) 5 decimals. $y = 0.0000005$

(5 Marks)

SECTION B (39 Marks)

Answer any **THREE** questions.

$x^3 + x - 1$
 $(3x^2 + 1) = x$
 $(3x^2 + 1)^3 + 3x + 1 - 1$

Question Three (13 Marks)

- a) Find a solution of $f(x) = x^3 + x - 1 = 0$ by iteration. (6 Marks)
- b) Find the positive solution of $2 \sin x = x$. (4 Marks)
- c) Find the positive solution of $f(x) = x - 2 \sin x = 0$ by the secant method, starting from $x_0 = 2, x_1 = 1.9$. (3 Marks)

0101000510

1.23454621

cosh 0.56

1.23454621
 0.005

 1.23954621
 then truncate

that has both

+ 1.23454621
 + 0.00000051

 1.23455121

Question Four (13 Marks)

- a) Compute cosh 0.56 from the Newton's forward difference interpolation formula and the four values in the following table and estimate the error. (8 Marks)

j	x_j	$f_j = \cosh x_j$	Δf_j	$\Delta^2 f_j$	$\Delta^3 f_j$
0	0.5	1.127626			
			0.057839		
1	0.6	1.185465		0.011865	
			0.069704		0.000677
2	0.7	1.255169		0.012562	
			0.082266		
3	0.8	1.337435			

- b) Evaluate $J = \int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx$ by means of the trapezoidal rule with $n = 10$. (5 Marks)

Question Five (13 Marks)

$\int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{e^{-x^{2+1}}}{-2x+1} = \frac{e^{-(1)^{2+1}}}{-(1)^{3+1}} = \frac{e^{-1}}{2(1)^3} = \frac{e^{-1}}{2}$

- a) What is an algorithm? (2 Marks)
- b) Integrate $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}\pi x^4 \cos \frac{1}{4}\pi x$ from 0 to 2 with $n = 1$ apply the error estimation for Simpson's rule by halving h . (6 Marks)
- c) Set up a Newton iteration for computing the square root, x of a given positive number c and apply it to $c = 2$. (5 Marks)

Question Six (13 Marks)

- a) Compute a 7D-value of the Bessel function $J_0(x)$ for $x = 1.72$ from the four values in the following table, using
- i) Newton's forward formula (4 Marks)
- ii) Newton's backward formula (4 Marks)

j_{for}	j_{back}	x_j	$J_0(x_j)$	1st Diff	2nd Diff	3rd Diff
0	-3	1.7	0.3979839			
				-0.0579985		
1	-2	1.8	0.3399864		-0.0001693	
				-0.0581678		0.0004093
2	-1	1.9	0.2818186		0.0002400	
				-0.0579278		
3	0	2.0	0.2238908			

- b) Derive the trapezoidal rule. (5 Marks)

Question Seven (13 Marks)

- a) Interpolate $f(x) = x^4$ on the interval $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ by the cubic spline $g(x)$ corresponding to the nodes $x_0 = -1, x_1 = 0, x_2 = 1$ and satisfying the damped conditions $g'(-1) = f'(-1), g'(1) = f'(1)$. (11 Marks)
- b) Define the following terms:
- Round off error
 - Relative error. (2 Marks)
